

Simplicity

Investment Funds



Statement of Investment Policy and Objectives (SIPO)

1 May 2026



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Simplicity's Governing Principles

- Providing our investors with dignity in retirement.
- Offering New Zealanders effective, low-cost financial products.
- Giving the benefits of scale to investors.
- Being responsible investors.

Description of the Scheme

The Simplicity Investment Funds Scheme (Scheme) is a managed investment scheme under the Financial Markets Conduct Act 2013 (FMCA). The Scheme offers eleven fund options (the Funds).

The Scheme offers four diversified fund options (Diversified Funds):

- Conservative Investment Fund
- Growth Investment Fund
- Balanced Investment Fund
- High Growth Investment Fund

The Scheme offers one thematic fund option:

- Homes and Income Investment Fund

The Scheme offers six single sector fund options (Sector Funds) that are designed to be used as part of a diversified investment portfolio:

- Hedged Global Share Fund
- NZ Share Fund
- Unhedged Global Share Fund
- NZ Bond Fund
- Hedged Global Bond Fund
- NZ Cash Fund

The Diversified Funds invest in the Sector Funds for their respective asset class exposure.

Simplicity NZ Limited (Simplicity, we, us, our; including any subsidiary of Simplicity NZ Limited) is the Manager of the Scheme.

Simplicity NZ Limited operates as a non-profit company, 100% owned by the Simplicity Foundation (**Foundation**). We donate 15% of all investment management fees to the Foundation. The Foundation chooses the charities that receive the donations. More details of how this works and the charities we support are on our website: www.simplicity.kiwi.

Public Trust is the **Licensed Supervisor** of the Scheme and is responsible for supervising the Manager's performance of Scheme functions and issuer obligations, for the benefit of all investors and other stakeholders.

Public Trust is the **Custodian** of the Scheme. The Custodian holds the assets independently from the Manager.

Apex Investment Administration (NZ) Limited is the **Administrator** of the Scheme, responsible for the registry, investor records, daily unit pricing, and fund accounting.

See the Glossary in Schedule 13 for a description of all bolded terms.

Purpose and Philosophy

The purpose of our Diversified Funds and our Sector Funds is to deliver market index-like returns consistent with the risk profile of each Fund on a low-cost basis. All investment carries risk and we manage risk by holding a diverse range of securities in each of these Funds.

The Homes and Income Investment Fund focuses on generating returns from New Zealand residential property; either through earning interest on mortgages, investing in community housing bonds, or investing in shares of an unlisted build-to-rent property company. A significant portion of the Fund is invested in cash and cash equivalent securities (target 40%, minimum 35%) to provide liquidity.

For detail, refer to Schedules 1 to 12.

Our investment philosophy for our Diversified Funds and Sector Funds is to take a passive investment approach and maintain low costs. This means we take a buy and hold strategy. We do not take tactical investment positions or actively trade securities. Where possible we benchmark our strategic asset allocation to other New Zealand fund providers (see the 'Investment Governance, Reporting & Strategy' section). We also refer to this as our benchmark asset allocation.

Wherever possible we outsource portfolio management to external investment managers (see the 'Investment Policies' section for more details on externally managed portfolios).

For overseas investments our external investment manager applies custom broad-based market indices that are subject to responsible investment screening. For New Zealand bonds and shares we have established our own sector funds that hold a portfolio of securities, designed to provide a market index-like return.

Our Responsible Investment Policy is available on our website at www.simplicity.kiwi and is summarised in the 'Other Relevant Policies' section below.

Investment Objective

The objective of each Fund is to deliver a market index-like return to investors, consistent with the time horizon and risk associated with the **Label** of each Fund, after fees and costs and before tax.

The objective of the Homes and Income Investment Fund is to provide positive real returns over the medium term, after fees and costs and before tax.

Investment Policies

Rebalancing Policy

To maintain the benchmark asset allocation, each Fund is regularly monitored against its benchmarks and rebalanced as required to remain within operational ranges.

With the exception of the Homes and Income Investment Fund, the benchmark asset allocation of the Funds is managed to within 2%-points of the benchmark (described for each Fund in Schedules 1

to 12). The exception is cash which may vary more than 2%-points from its benchmark for liquidity management purposes. The Homes and Income Investment Fund is expected to reach its target asset allocation to illiquid asset classes in the medium to long-term.

In the event of significant financial market volatility or cash flows, it is possible that the benchmark asset allocation of the Funds may breach one or more of the assigned ranges (described for each Fund in Schedules 1 to 12). Any such breach must be remedied within 5 working days. We provide a report to the Supervisor setting out any breaches that occur on a quarterly basis.

Should there be a need to sell illiquid assets for rebalancing purposes, this may take longer than selling liquid assets. This risk is managed in accordance with our Liquidity Management Policy and by maintaining a limited allocation to illiquid assets, which is determined by the **Investment Committee** in consultation with the Supervisor.

Tactical Asset Allocation Policy

We do not use tactical asset allocation. No attempt is made to increase returns by actively over-weighting or under-weighting particular asset classes relative to our benchmarks at the expense of others. This approach allows for a consistent strategic asset allocation through any market cycles that may occur over an investor's investment timeframe.

Currency Hedging Policy

We take a market benchmarked approach to managing **Currency Risk**. We carry out currency hedging in line with the hedging style, benchmark and ranges set out in the table below for the applicable asset classes.

- Currency hedging is conducted by our international investment manager, DWS International GmbH (DWS), and implemented using **Derivatives** such as forward foreign exchange contracts.
- Our hedging policy is set using the market average hedging ratios of providers that make up at least 80% of KiwiSaver industry funds under management. The hedging benchmarks and ranges are re-assessed 6-monthly and adjusted as required. Compliance with the hedging policy is monitored by the Investment Committee each quarter.

Through investments in the funds managed by DWS, the foreign exchange exposures in each Diversified Fund are hedged to New Zealand dollars as follows:

Asset class	Hedging style	Benchmark (%)	Range (%)
International equities	Passive	50	40 to 60
International fixed interest	Passive	100	95 to 105

Derivatives Policy

Apart from forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge currencies and interest rate swaps used by the Homes and Income Investment Fund to hedge the interest rate risk of community housing bonds, our preference is not to use **Derivatives**, and the nature of our investments means this is almost always the case.

Derivatives are only used if there is no cost-effective means to gain an essential investment exposure using physical securities. Where derivatives are used, they will be structured to achieve the same investment returns as if the investments were held physically.

Leverage Policy

No leverage is permitted at the Fund level. Some of the underlying assets (such as equities) may operate with some leverage (which includes debt). Where these equities are included in the indices our Funds track, the inclusion of these assets reflects our philosophy as predominantly passive index investors.

Diversification Requirements / Limits

The Diversified Funds and the Sector Funds have a high level of diversification because they are designed to track broad market indices for different types of assets. The Funds typically invest in a wide range of individual securities. Our investment guidelines for these Funds are drafted to ensure that concentration risk in any specific asset class is prudently managed.

The Homes and Income Investment Fund is focussed on the New Zealand residential property market, with a 25% benchmark asset allocation to shares in an unlisted build-to-rent property company which develops and holds properties predominantly in Auckland.

Market Risk Management Policy

All investments are subject to market risk. The benchmark asset allocation of each Fund provides a diversified exposure to each asset class at an appropriate level for that option's **Label**.

Market risk varies for each of the Funds, and we use education and communication to help investors to make informed decisions. Information on how markets are performing and impacting investments is often provided to investors through our investor services, direct engagement, regular newsletters, and webinars.

Credit Risk Management

Credit risk is where the issuer of securities may fail to pay interest and repay principal, or where negative perceptions of the issuer's ability to make such payments may cause the price, and therefore value, of their securities to decline.

There is a degree of credit risk associated with the New Zealand cash, New Zealand fixed interest and international fixed interest asset allocations in each Fund. To minimise the risk associated with any single issuer, we follow prudent limits that are set out for each asset class in Schedule 8 (NZ Bond Fund) and in Schedule 12 (Asset Class Investment Guidelines).

Credit-related considerations for the NZ cash and fixed interest portfolios:

- The New Zealand cash portfolios of each Fund are designed to ensure that any credit risk is primarily to New Zealand registered banks, or securities with a credit rating equal to, or better than, the single A rated banks.

- Most of the New Zealand fixed interest portfolio is in New Zealand government stock or securities that have a higher credit rating than the New Zealand government, issued by entities known as Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs).
- The loans within the first home mortgage portfolio are subject to conservative terms relating to loan to valuation ratios and debt servicing ratios, as described in Schedule 12.
- Any investment below an A grade must be approved by the Investment Committee. The Investment Committee will consider the returns to investors and other criteria. Any decision to invest in an instrument below A grade will prioritise the best interests of scheme investors.

Credit related considerations for the International fixed interest portfolio:

- The International fixed interest portfolio invests in a diversified portfolio of securities (bonds) issued by governments, government related entities and companies with an investment grade rating¹. All securities are included in a recognised international index issued by Bloomberg. The weighted average credit rating for this index is AA-.

Other Relevant Policies

Responsible Investment Policy

Investing responsibly is an important objective for us and our investors. We adopt a negative screening approach for all our portfolios, based on two main components:

- Excluded business activities
- Behaviour related exclusions.

More details, and information about our voting policy, can be found in our Responsible Investment Policy (available on our website: www.simplicity.kiwi).

Our Responsible Investment Policy is reviewed regularly by our Investment Committee. If any material changes are required, these must be approved by our Board.

Liquidity and Cash Flow Management

We have a Liquidity Management Policy which outlines our framework and processes for monitoring and managing liquidity risks. The Investment Committee has oversight of the liquidity of all Funds.

Our allocation to illiquid assets (see Schedules 1 to 12) has been set in consultation with the Supervisor.

We maintain a balance of transactional cash on call for the Funds. This is to ensure that there is sufficient liquidity to fund the normal course of business such as settlement of investments, settlement of foreign exchange forward contracts used for currency hedging purposes, and anticipated levels of investor redemptions (withdrawals).

¹ Investment grade means an issue is rated at least BBB- or equivalent by a recognised rating agency such as Standard & Poors.

Most Funds' target level of cash is managed between 4-10% except the Conservative Fund which has a target level of cash of 25%, and the Homes and Income Investment Fund which has a target level of cash of 40% up to a maximum of 100%. Sector Funds hold enough cash for liquidity purposes but do not have a specified target level of cash.

We monitor this daily in conjunction with the Administrator. A cash flow forecast is maintained with a time horizon of 2 working days. This is considered sufficient time to redeem underlying investments if required. For the Diversified Funds and the Sector Funds, most authorised investments have a maximum settlement period of 2 working days, which is generally sufficient to ensure that inflows are invested without exceeding the maximum cash allocation in each Fund. As the Homes and Income Investment Fund has a higher allocation to illiquid assets, it also has a higher minimum allocation to cash and cash equivalents (30%) to ensure it is able to meet redemption requests and regular withdrawals in the normal course of business.

We note the total target benchmark allocations to illiquid asset classes for the following Funds:

- Conservative Investment Fund: 12.5%
- Balanced Investment Fund: 14%
- Growth Investment Fund: 15.6%
- High Growth Investment Fund 17.5%
- Homes and Income Investment Fund 60%

Conflicts of Interest Policy

We have a duty to act in the best interests of scheme investors at all times, and to maintain policies and procedures to mitigate and manage any conflicts or potential conflicts of interest that may arise. Accordingly, we have a Conflicts of Interest Policy. Our key principle is that conflicts of interest are to be avoided where possible. If that is not possible, then interests are promptly and clearly disclosed by any person making decisions on behalf of scheme investors and mitigated to an acceptable level to protect the best interests of investors.

A register of interests is maintained by our Board of Directors and confirmed at each Board meeting. A separate register of interests is maintained for staff and management, and continual disclosure of potential and actual conflicts of interest is a contractual requirement for all members of staff or parties contracting with Simplicity. Our Managing Director is responsible for managing staff conflicts of interest.

Valuation Policies

The nature of the Scheme's authorised investments means there should always be a valuation at close of business in almost all cases. We have outsourced the pricing and valuation of most investments to the Administrator.

Where an investment is traded on financial markets, the Administrator will determine the valuation in accordance with the last market prices available at the valuation point. The valuation of assets is generally based on information provided to the Administrator by independent third-party data providers. Where practicable the Administrator will verify this data by comparison with information

from a second independent source. The Administrator's Unit Pricing and Valuation Framework will apply where we do not have our own internal valuation policy.

The First Home Mortgage Portfolio is valued daily at the outstanding balance of each loan, plus accrued interest and accounting for principal and interest payments received. A prudent provision for any non-performing loans is also accounted for. If a loan is in default its book value will be impaired, where applicable, to a value that does not exceed our estimate of the net realization value of the property that provides security for the loan.

Investments in unlisted securities are reviewed regularly. For venture capital investments through funds managed by third party managers, the manager is required to provide a valuation to us each month based on their quarterly formal valuation review and an assessment of any material change for months that do not fall at the end of a quarter.

For unlisted investments (private equity) that we hold directly we have appointed DE Capital Management Limited (DE Capital) as our external manager. DE Capital value each investment monthly in arrears based on our quarterly formal valuation policy and an assessment of any material change for months that do not fall at the end of a quarter. Our valuation methodology uses applicable New Zealand accounting standards and the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. Our private equity valuation policy can be found on our website www.simplicity.kiwi.

The Diversified Funds and the Homes and Income Investment Fund invest into a portfolio which holds shares in Simplicity Living Limited (SLL), a related entity that develops and owns rental properties. The shares in SLL are valued at least monthly, based on the value of SLL's assets. The assets of SLL that are under development are valued at cost plus an allowance for the cost of capital on the funding provided. On completion, the properties are held and operated by SLL as long-term rental housing and the values are reviewed at least quarterly by a registered valuer.

The Investment Committee has responsibility for monitoring of the Administrator's and DE Capital's performance of valuation functions, and the review, approval, and oversight of our valuation policies for the First Home Mortgage Portfolio, Private Equity Portfolio, and Property Portfolio.

Outsourcing Policy

We have an Outsourcing Policy that governs how we select and monitor outsource providers, including the Administrator and external investment managers such as DWS (international securities portfolios) and venture capital fund managers. The Investment Committee has responsibility for monitoring the performance and compliance of external investment managers.

Taxation

The Scheme is a **Portfolio Investment Entity** (PIE). Tax on investment income is calculated at each investor's prescribed investor rate (PIR, currently either 10.5%, 17.5% or 28% depending on each investor's circumstances) and paid to the Inland Revenue on the investor's behalf annually or when an investor redeems all or part of their holdings.

Investment Governance, Reporting & Strategy

Asset Allocation

We maintain a consistent strategic asset allocation through market cycles.

The asset allocation for the Diversified Funds is set by assessing the average asset allocation of the largest KiwiSaver scheme managers (i.e. managers that hold at least 80% of the total KiwiSaver industry funds under management²). The Investment Committee reviews the asset allocation on at least a 6-monthly basis. Professional judgment is applied to these averages where required, and to the asset allocation for the Homes and Income Investment Fund, which has a higher focus on unlisted asset classes.

We invest in several unlisted asset classes:

- The private equity portfolio is treated as part of our allocation to NZ equities.
- The first home mortgage portfolio is treated as part of our allocation to NZ fixed interest.
- The property portfolio is treated as an allocation to unlisted NZ property.

For these unlisted asset classes, the specific allocation is based on the Manager's assessment of long-term performance and liquidity relative to listed securities.

Investment Performance Monitoring

The Manager's Investment Committee is responsible for adherence to the SIPO and monitors the performance of each Fund over various time frames.

The Investment Committee's considerations when assessing performance include:

- Performance relative to benchmark, where appropriate.
- Portfolio structure, concentration risk, liquidity risk, and tax efficiency.
- Investment capacity constraints.
- Governing document (including the SIPO and **Product Disclosure Statement**) compliance.
- Relative investment performance compared to peer group.

Fund performance is reported to the Supervisor monthly. A quarterly fund update is available on our website www.simplicity.kiwi and daily unit price information is available via our member website.

Limit Breaks

Each Fund's investments must remain within the benchmark asset allocation ranges specified in Schedules 1 to 5. If a Fund's investments fall outside the applicable benchmark asset allocation range this is deemed to be a limit break which we must rectify within 5 working days. If a limit break is determined to be material or will continue for more than 5 working days, it must be reported to the Supervisor as soon as practicable, and we must provide a plan to rectify the limit break. If a limit break is deemed immaterial and is rectified within 5 working days, it will be reported to the Supervisor at the end of the calendar quarter in which it occurs.

² Data is sourced from the Disclose register and Morningstar industry reports.

SIPO Review

A review of this SIPO is undertaken by the Investment Committee at least annually. We believe that investors are best served by maintaining a steady and consistent investment policy, and therefore significant changes to our SIPO are unlikely to be required unless there are product changes or in case of market developments that render the existing SIPO inappropriate or unworkable.

This Investment Committee's SIPO review includes consideration of the following factors:

- Legal and regulatory changes.
- Market practice.
- Investment Committee recommendations relating to investment performance, philosophy and product structure (if any).

If we decide a change to the SIPO is appropriate, it can only be made following prior consultation with the Supervisor.

The latest version of the SIPO is available on www.simplicity.kiwi or on the Disclose register at <https://disclose-register.companiesoffice.govt.nz/>.

Schedule 1: Investment Strategy for the Conservative Investment Fund

The objective of the Conservative Investment Fund is to minimise negative returns over the short term. It has higher proportions of investment in income assets, such as bonds, while still providing the opportunity for positive real returns over the longer term by investing a small proportion of the Fund in growth assets such as equities and property. This is suited to investors seeking lower volatility of returns with a minimum suggested timeframe of 3 years.

International assets (cash, fixed interest and equities) are managed by our external investment manager, DWS, in accordance with custom indices designed to track broader markets with a responsible investment screening overlay.

In the case of New Zealand assets (cash, fixed interest and equities), no suitable externally managed index fund is currently available at a reasonable investment management fee. The Fund therefore invests in New Zealand cash, fixed interest and equity portfolios managed by us to provide the respective market index-like return.

Within the New Zealand fixed interest allocation, there is a benchmark allocation of 10% (within a range of 0% to 15%) available to invest in loans secured by first mortgages over residential property. When the benchmark allocation to loans is not met, the remaining portion is allocated to the Cash and cash equivalents asset class.

Benchmark Asset Allocations and Ranges

Asset class	Benchmark (%)	Range (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	25	0 - 35
New Zealand fixed interest	25	15 - 35
International fixed interest	30	20 - 40
Total Income Assets	80	70 - 90
New Zealand equities	3.5	0 – 13.5
Unlisted New Zealand property	2.5	0 - 5
International equities	14	4 - 24
Total Growth Assets	20	10 - 30

Authorised Investments

Authorised investments for each asset class are detailed in Schedule 12.

Schedule 2: Investment Strategy for the Balanced Investment Fund

The objective of the Balanced Investment Fund is to minimise negative returns over the medium term through investment in income assets, such as bonds, while providing an opportunity for positive real returns over the longer term by investing a reasonable proportion in growth assets such as equities and property. This is suited to investors seeking medium term growth by lessening risk through broad diversification over a minimum suggested timeframe of 6 years.

International assets (cash, fixed interest and equities) are managed by our external manager, DWS, in accordance with custom indices designed to track broader markets with a responsible investment screening overlay.

In the case of New Zealand assets (cash, fixed interest and equities), no suitable externally managed index fund is currently available at a reasonable investment management fee. The Fund therefore invests in New Zealand cash, fixed interest and equity portfolios managed by us to provide the respective market index-like return.

Within the New Zealand fixed interest allocation, there is a benchmark allocation of 7.75% (within a range of 0% to 12%) available to invest in loans secured by first mortgages over residential property. When the benchmark allocation to loans is not met, the remaining portion is allocated to the Cash and cash equivalents asset class.

Benchmark Asset Allocations and Ranges

Asset class	Benchmark (%)	Range (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	10	0 - 25
New Zealand fixed interest	16.5	5 - 27
International fixed interest	14.5	3 - 25
Total Income Assets	41	31 - 51
New Zealand equities	9.25	0 - 20
Unlisted New Zealand property	6.25	0 - 15
International equities	43.5	33.5 - 53.5
Total Growth Assets	59	49 - 69

Authorised Investments

Authorised investments for each asset class are detailed in Schedule 12.

Schedule 3: Investment Strategy for the Growth Investment Fund

The objective of the Growth Investment Fund is to achieve positive real returns over the long term through investment in growth assets, while lessening volatility through diversification of the Fund's assets. This is suited to investors seeking long term growth and able to tolerate greater volatility of returns over a minimum suggested timeframe of 9 years.

International assets (cash, fixed interest and equities) are managed by our external manager, DWS, in accordance with custom indices designed to track broader markets with a responsible investment screening overlay.

In the case of New Zealand assets (cash, fixed interest and equities), no suitable externally managed index fund is currently available at a reasonable investment management fee. The Fund therefore invests into New Zealand cash, fixed interest and equity portfolios managed by us to provide the respective market index-like return.

Within the New Zealand fixed interest allocation, there is a benchmark allocation of 4.5% allocation (within a range of 0% to 7%) available to invest in loans secured by first mortgages over residential property. When the benchmark allocation to loans is not met, the remaining portion is allocated to the Cash and cash equivalents asset class.

For New Zealand equities the Fund has a benchmark allocation of 2.5% (within a range of 0% to 5%) to unlisted New Zealand securities issued by New Zealand businesses with high growth potential.

Benchmark Asset Allocations and Ranges

Asset class	Benchmark (%)	Range (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	4	0 - 15
New Zealand fixed interest	9.75	0 – 20
International fixed interest	6.25	0 – 15
Total Income Assets	20	10 - 30
New Zealand equities	12.4	2 – 22
Unlisted New Zealand property	8.6	0 - 20
International equities	59	49 – 69
Total Growth Assets	80	70 - 90

Authorised Investments

Authorised investments for each asset class are detailed in Schedule 12.

Schedule 4: Investment Strategy for the High Growth Investment Fund

The objective of the High Growth Investment Fund is to achieve positive real returns over the long term through investment in growth assets, while lessening volatility through diversification of the Fund's assets. This is suited to investors seeking long term growth and able to tolerate greater volatility of returns over a minimum suggested timeframe of 10 years.

International assets (cash and equities) are managed by our external manager, DWS, in accordance with custom indices designed to track broader markets with a responsible investment screening overlay.

In the case of New Zealand assets (cash and equities), no suitable externally managed index fund is currently available at a reasonable investment management fee. The Fund therefore invests into New Zealand cash and equity portfolios to provide the respective market index-like return.

For New Zealand equities the Fund has a benchmark allocation of 7.5% (within a range of 0% to 10%) to unlisted New Zealand securities issued by New Zealand businesses with high growth potential.

Benchmark Asset Allocations and Ranges

Asset class	Benchmark (%)	Range (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	2	0 - 12
Total Income Assets	2	0 - 12
New Zealand equities	15	5 – 25
Unlisted New Zealand property	10	0 - 15
International equities	73	63 – 83
Total Growth Assets	98	88 - 100

Authorised Investments

Authorised investments for each asset class are detailed in Schedule 12.

Schedule 5: Investment Strategy for the Homes and Income Investment Fund

The Fund's objective is to minimise negative returns through investment in income generating assets such as community housing bonds and residential mortgages, while providing an opportunity for positive real returns over the longer term by investing a reasonable proportion in a company developing build-to-rent property. This is suited to investors seeking medium term growth over a minimum suggested timeframe of 3 years.

In the case of New Zealand assets (cash, fixed interest and unlisted property), no suitable externally managed index fund is currently available at a reasonable investment management fee. The Fund therefore invests in New Zealand cash, fixed interest and unlisted portfolios managed by us to provide the respective market index-like return.

Within the New Zealand fixed interest allocation, there is a benchmark allocation of 25% (within a range of 0% to 50%) available to invest in loans secured by first mortgages over residential property. Also within the New Zealand fixed interest allocation, there is a benchmark allocation of 10% (within a range of 0% to 15%) available to invest in bonds issued by community housing providers that are deliverable through NZClear*. There is no allocation to the New Zealand Fixed Interest Portfolio.

Benchmark Asset Allocations and Ranges

Asset class	Benchmark (%)	Range (%)
Cash and cash equivalents	40	35 - 100
New Zealand fixed interest	35	0 – 65
Total Income Assets	75	50 - 100
Unlisted New Zealand property	25	0 –50
Total Growth Assets	25	0 – 50

* Deliverable through NZClear means the bonds are more easily transferable to other institutional investors if necessary. Interest rate swaps are used to hedge the interest rate risk of the community housing bonds.

Authorised Investments

Authorised investments for each asset class are detailed in Schedule 12.

Schedule 6: NZ Cash Fund

Investment Policy

The NZ Cash Fund invests in a portfolio managed by us of cash and debt securities.

Investment Objective

To outperform the benchmark index return.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Bloomberg NZBond Bank Bill Index as calculated and published by Bloomberg, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

The Fund invests in cash on call or any debt security or a derivative thereof that is denominated in New Zealand dollars, subject to the restrictions detailed in Schedule 12.

Schedule 7: NZ Share Fund

Investment Policy

The NZ Share Fund invests in companies and property trusts listed on the New Zealand stock exchange (NZX).

Investment Objective

To generate a return similar to the performance of the NZ share market. It is designed to be the NZ share component of a diversified investment portfolio.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Morningstar New Zealand Index published by Morningstar, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

Securities listed on the NZX.

Schedule 8: NZ Bond Fund

Investment Policy

The NZ Bond Fund invests in New Zealand government bonds and other highly rated liquid bonds.

Investment Objective

To generate a return similar to the performance of the NZ government bond market.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Bloomberg NZBond Govt 0+ Index as calculated and published by Bloomberg, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

Subject to the prudential limits set out below, any debt security or a derivative thereof that is denominated in New Zealand dollars.

The Manager shall ensure the NZ Bond Fund remains within the following prudential limits (unless contrary after consultation with the Supervisor):

Type of debt security	Maximum % with single issuer of debt security	Maximum % class of issuer of debt security
New Zealand government issued or guaranteed debt securities	100	100
Debt securities issued in New Zealand by Multilateral Development Banks (MDBs)# with a AAA credit rating	30	100
Debt securities issued by the New Zealand Local Government Funding Agency Limited	100	50
In addition to the above, debt securities of at least A- Rating (S&P rating or equivalent)	20	50
Unrated securities assessed by the Investment Committee to be investment grade quality*	5	10

Where applicable, maximum exposures have an additional tolerance of 1% for market movement, liquidity management and transaction timing purposes.

The weighted average duration of the New Zealand Fixed Interest portfolio must be within 0.25 years of the benchmark index duration at all times.

MDBs are international financial institutions chartered by two or more countries to encourage economic development.

* Investment grade means an issue is rated at least BBB- or equivalent by a recognised rating agency such as Standard & Poors.

Schedule 9: Hedged Global Share Fund

Investment Policy

The Hedged Global Share Fund invests in companies and property trusts listed in developed markets.

Investment Objective

To generate a return similar to the performance of the benchmark index. It is designed to be the global hedged share component of a diversified investment portfolio.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Bloomberg DM ex NZ ESG Screened Index (NZD hedged) published by Bloomberg, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

Securities listed in developed markets that fall within the benchmark index.

Schedule 10: Unhedged Global Share Fund

Investment Policy

The Unhedged Global Share Fund invests in companies and property trusts listed in developed markets.

Investment Objective

To generate a return similar to the performance of the benchmark index. It is designed to be the global unhedged share component of a diversified investment portfolio.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Bloomberg DM ex NZ ESG Screened Index (unhedged) published by Bloomberg, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

Securities listed in developed markets that fall within the benchmark index.

Schedule 11: Hedged Global Bond Fund

Investment Policy

The Hedged Global Bond Fund invests in government bonds and other highly rated liquid bonds.

Investment Objective

To generate a return similar to the performance of the benchmark index. It is designed to be the global hedged bond component of a diversified investment portfolio.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Bloomberg MSCI Global Aggregate Sustainability Select SRI Float Adjusted Index (hedged into New Zealand dollars) as calculated and published by Bloomberg, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

Securities listed in markets that fall within the benchmark index limited to investment grade debt and subject to the credit risk management policies.

Schedule 12: Asset Class Investment Guidelines

The investment guidelines and authorised investments for each asset class in the Funds are governed by the following restrictions.

Cash and Cash Equivalents Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Funds invest primarily in a portfolio managed by us of call deposits with New Zealand registered banks and investment grade money market securities issued in New Zealand.

Investment Objective

The objective is to outperform the Bloomberg NZBond Bank Bill Index.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark index is the Bloomberg NZBond Bank Bill Index, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Authorised Investments

Cash on call or any debt security or a derivative thereof that is denominated in New Zealand dollars, subject to the following restrictions:

Type of debt security	Maximum % with single issuer of debt security	Maximum % class of issuer of debt security
New Zealand government issued or guaranteed debt securities	100	100
Debt securities issued or guaranteed by a New Zealand registered bank rated at least A (S&P rating or equivalent)	30	100
Debt securities of at least AA- (S&P rating or equivalent) or rated at least A-1+ short term (S&P rating or equivalent)	20	100
Debt securities rated at least A-1 short term (S&P rating or equivalent)	10	20
Securities issued by a registered tax pool	30	30
Unrated floating rate investments assessed by the Investment Committee to be investment grade quality	10	30

Floating rate means that the interest rate on the investment resets at least every 3 months. Floating rate notes must have a maximum final maturity or weighted average life of 3 years and 1 month.

The weighted average duration of the Cash Fund must not exceed 60 days.

Investment grade means an issue is rated at least BBB- or equivalent by a recognised rating agency such as Standard & Poors.

New Zealand Fixed Interest Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Funds invest in the Simplicity NZ Bond Fund (or its equivalent). The Simplicity NZ Bond Fund invests in New Zealand government bonds and other high-quality bonds issued in New Zealand. An investment into any security rated below an A rating requires prior consultation with the Supervisor.

Investment Objective

The Simplicity NZ Bond Fund aims to generate a return similar to the performance of the NZ government bond market.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark for the Simplicity NZ Bond Fund is the Bloomberg NZBond Govt 0 + Yr Index as calculated and published by Bloomberg, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

First Home Mortgage Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Funds invest in a portfolio of loans secured by first mortgages over residential property which falls under the New Zealand fixed interest asset class. The benchmark allocation to this portfolio is as follows:

- Homes and Income Investment Fund 25%
- Conservative Investment Fund 10%
- Balanced Investment Fund 7.75%
- Growth Investment Fund 4.5%

The first home mortgage portfolio lends money to persons living in their first home secured by a mortgage over that property. All loans require repayment of principal and interest. The maximum weighted average loan to value ratio of the loan portfolio is 80%. The maximum debt servicing ratio is 35% of a borrower's net income (after tax and deductions). The portfolio adheres to Credit Contracts and Consumer Finance Act 2003, associated regulations, and the responsible lending code which govern the fair treatment of borrowers. Policies and processes are maintained for the management of loan arrears.

A prudent provision for specific non-performing loans (such as if a default occurs) is made in accordance with relevant New Zealand accounting standards. A loan is considered in arrears when a repayment is 5 business days overdue. After 20 business days, if a repayment is overdue additional provision is made, and recovery action commences.

Our lending rate is set by the Investment Committee in a range between the short-term money market (such as bank floating rate notes, term deposits bank bill rates, interest rate swaps and forward rate agreements) and the range of retail mortgage interest rates offered by registered New Zealand banks.

The rate is reviewed by the Investment Committee after any change in the Reserve Bank of New Zealand Official Cash Rate (OCR) or if there are any significant changes in prevailing retail market interest rates.

Investment Objective

The portfolio's objective is to generate a return 1.0% in excess of the benchmark index.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark index is the Bloomberg NZBond Bank Bill Index, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

International Fixed Interest Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Funds invest in the Simplicity Hedged Global Bond Fund (fully hedged to the NZ dollar). This is composed of a diversified portfolio of securities (bonds) selected from an index containing securities issued by governments, government-related entities, investment grade corporates issues and securitised assets from around the world.

Investment Objective

The portfolio's objective is to track the benchmark Index (defined below) return on a rolling 12-month basis before tax and fees.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Bloomberg MSCI Global Aggregate Sustainability Select SRI Float Adjusted Index (hedged into New Zealand dollars), or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

New Zealand Equity Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Funds invest in the Simplicity NZ Share Fund (or its equivalent). The Simplicity NZ Share Fund invests in companies and property trusts listed on the New Zealand stock exchange (NZX).

The Growth Fund and High Growth Fund have a limited allocation to unlisted securities, 2.5% and 7.5% respectively, issued by New Zealand companies with high growth potential (see: Private Equity Portfolio below).

Investment Objective

The portfolio's objective is to track the benchmark index (defined below) return on a rolling 12-month basis before tax and fees.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Morningstar New Zealand Index published by Morningstar, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Private Equity Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Growth and High Growth Investment Funds invest in private equity, either directly into unlisted New Zealand companies or via funds managed by third parties. This portfolio falls under the New Zealand equities asset class.

Investment Objective

The portfolio aims to generate long term (10 years+) returns that are 3% above the benchmark index (defined below).

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Morningstar New Zealand Index published by Morningstar, or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

International Equity Portfolio

Investment Policy

The international equity portfolio is made up of a 50% allocation to the Simplicity Hedged Global Share Fund (NZD hedged), and a 50% allocation to the Simplicity Unhedged Global Share Fund (or their equivalents). Both Funds provide investors with exposure to equities listed on the exchanges of the world's major developed markets.

Investment Objective

The portfolio's objective is to track the benchmark Index return (defined below) on a rolling 12-month basis before tax and fees.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark index is blended to include 50% Bloomberg DM ex NZ ESG Screened Index (Unhedged) and 50% Bloomberg DM ex NZ ESG Screened Index (NZD Hedged), or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor.

Property Portfolio

Investment Policy

The Conservative, Balanced, Growth and High Growth and Homes and Income Investment Funds invest in a portfolio which holds unlisted shares in a related entity, Simplicity Living Limited (Simplicity Living), that develops and owns New Zealand residential property that is designed to be long term rental housing. This portfolio falls under the unlisted New Zealand property asset class. Simplicity Living may borrow in accordance with the property portfolio investment guidelines for the general purpose of funding the costs of property developments and ongoing operations.

Investment Objective

During the development stage the target return on construction is 20% to compensate investors for the cost of capital (including land purchased for development).

Following completion, the rented properties will target a return of 5 year rolling NZ CPI + 3%. This recognizes the lower risk characteristics of completed residential property, while compensating investors for the associated illiquidity of the investments.

Benchmark Index

The benchmark is the Auckland HPI (sourced from REINZ), or any replacement index approved by the Investment Committee in consultation with the Supervisor. The benchmark may change over time if the portfolio invests in properties outside of Auckland and for rental income characteristics.

Schedule 13: Glossary

The source of these definitions is sorted.org.nz/glossary where available.

Administrator

A company that (as a delegate of the fund manager) attends to some or all of the everyday workings of a managed investment scheme. Sometimes called an ‘administration manager’, the administrator may handle tasks such as updating balances, loading transactions and paying withdrawals. The Administrator of the Scheme is Apex Investment Administration (NZ) Limited.

Currency Risk

The risk that investments held in foreign currency fluctuate due to changes in the exchange rate between the foreign currency and New Zealand dollars.

Custodian

A company separate from your managed investment scheme provider that holds the assets of the Simplicity Investment Funds. This function may sometimes be performed by the Supervisor. The Scheme’s Custodian is Public Trust.

Derivatives

A type of alternative investment. These include financial contracts whose value depends on the future value of investments.

Diversification

Not putting all our eggs in one basket or spreading our risk by choosing different individual investments within an asset class. So instead of us buying a single share worth \$800, we can buy 80 shares worth \$10 in different companies, industries and countries around the world. Most managed funds like KiwiSaver are diversified for you.

Foundation

The Simplicity Foundation is the shareholder of Simplicity NZ Limited (the Manager). The Foundation receives 15% of all the investment management fees from the Manager and donates to approved charities. More details are available at www.simplicity.kiwi.

Hedging

A way that fund managers protect investors against the risk of prices suddenly dropping. When they are hedging against currency shifts, for example, they will lock in a future foreign exchange rate for an overseas currency to convert into New Zealand dollars, protecting against it falling lower.

Investment Committee

The Investment Committee oversees implementation of the investment strategy, including being responsible for the adherence to the SIPO and monitoring of Fund performance.

Label

The Label refers to the implied risk associated with a particular Fund. For example, a Conservative Fund should be expected to have less risk (and less return) than a Growth Fund.

Licensed Supervisor

The Supervisor of the Scheme is Public Trust. A Supervisor is a licensed entity independent of the managed investment scheme provider that supervises the provider's management of the scheme. The Simplicity Investment Funds are trusts, and the terms of the trust deed state that the supervisor (or another custodian) must hold all contributions and investments in trust for the investors. This means your funds are effectively ring-fenced in the event that the provider's business fails.

Limit Break

A limit break is where there is a breach of limits set out in the investment authority (i.e., this SIPO). A limit break is usually a material breach of limits in either the nature or type of investments that can be made, or in the proportion of each type of asset that may be invested in.

Liquidity Risk

The liquidity risk of a fund refers to the risk that a fund may not have sufficient cash or liquid assets that can quickly be converted into cash to meet that fund's redemption requests within the communicated timeframes. Liquidity reflects the ability to transact quickly without exerting a material effect on prices or receiving a materially lower price given prevailing market conditions.

Multilateral development banks

Multilateral development banks, or MDBs, are supranational institutions set up by sovereign states, which are their shareholders. Their remits reflect the development aid and cooperation policies established by these states. They have the common task of fostering economic and social progress in developing countries by financing projects, supporting investment and generating capital for the benefit of all global citizens.

Other Material Information

This document provides additional information to the PDS and SIPO where required.

Portfolio Investment Entity

A Portfolio Investment Entity (PIE) is a type of savings or investment fund that has special tax advantages. The Simplicity Investment Funds are examples. When we save through or invest in a PIE, we pay either 0%, 10.5%, 17.5% or 28% tax on our share of the returns, depending on our income.

Product Disclosure Statement

A key document that describes how the Simplicity Investment Funds work, including information about the provider. The PDS also gives you an understanding of the funds, their risks and returns, and the fees.

Property Fund Investment Guidelines

A set of criteria agreed with the Supervisor which describes what the Property Fund is able to invest in.

Quarterly Fund Update

A quarterly update from your managed investment scheme provider about how each of the Simplicity Investment Funds have performed. The update is available on your provider's website and on Sorted's [Smart Investor tool](#).

SIPO

Statement of Investment Policy and Objectives. The document that details a managed investment scheme provider's investment strategy and goals for each Fund in the scheme, and how scheme investments are required to be managed. Every managed investment scheme must have one, they are available on each managed investment scheme provider's website, and on Sorted Smart Investor.